



SZÉCHENYI ISTVÁN UNIVERSITY  
KAUTZ GYULA FACULTY OF ECONOMICS

# Financial Services and Decisions

2 May, 2013

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# Seminar 5

## Valuation of Loans (part 2)

*Lecturer*

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# Review

- **Borrowing:**

= To obtain or receive money on loan with the promise or understanding that it will be repaid.

- **Loans**

- **Valuation factors of loans:**

- 1) Term
- 2) Collateral
- 3) Creditor/Debtor
- 4) Interest rate



## 3, Classification by creditor/debtor

- **Commercial credit**

= credit offered to business customers

- **Trade credit**

= supplier allows the customer a period before expecting an invoice to be settled



## 4, Classification by rate of interest

- **Fixed rate of interest**

- **Floating rate of interest**

= interest payment varies with the general level of interest rates.

- **Benchmarks:**

- London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR)

= the rate at which international banks lend to one other

- Federal funds rate



# What determines interest rate?

- **Macroeconomic and microeconomic factors:**
  - **1, Country risk**
  - **2, Inflationary expectations**
  - **3, Creditworthiness**



# What determines interest rate?

## ▪3, Creditworthiness

= the extent to which a firm can safely be granted credit.

## ▪Credit rating

- Business plan
- Historical data



# Assessing creditworthiness

- **Business plan:**
  - = a detailed plan setting out the objectives of a business over a stated period.
- **Financial statements:**
  - Balance sheets
  - Profit and loss account





# Assessing creditworthiness

## ▪ Financial ratios:

- Leverage ratios
- Liquidity ratios
- Efficiency ratios
- Profitability ratios